

# Shoreland Revegetation — GETTING STARTED

**• Vegetation survey:** Survey your vegetation to determine unwanted nonnative species and desirable native species. Contact your local watershed district or the DNR for assistance.

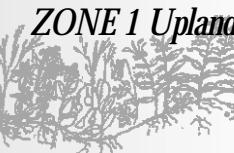
**• Site design:** Map your property, including property lines, buildings, and existing vegetation. Determine lawn and beach areas you wish to revegetate. Choose local, native species based on your site conditions and personal preference.

**• Site preparation:** Remove unwanted vegetation through burning, tillage, or use of herbicides. For beach areas, erosion control blankets and wave-breaks may work to protect young seedlings.

**• Seeding and planting:** Seeding with native prairie or wetland species can take place in spring or fall. Seedlings can be planted from late May to freeze-up, however, summer planting may need frequent watering. A DNR permit is required for planting aquatic vegetation.

**• Learn:** Read the Gervais Lake bulletin, "Sustainable Landscapes and Management for Shorelands" which includes native landscaping ideas.

## ZONE 1 Upland



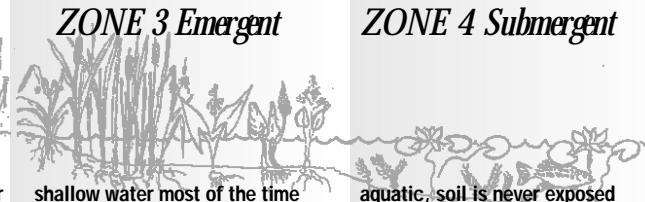
soil is moist, but not wet

## ZONE 2 Wet Meadow



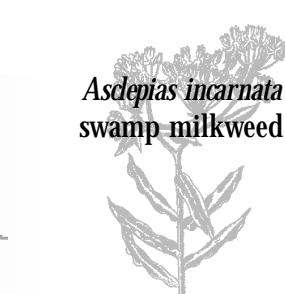
wet soil, but rarely any standing water

## ZONE 3 Emergent



shallow water most of the time  
aquatic, soil is never exposed

## ZONE 4 Submergent



*Asclepias incarnata*  
swamp milkweed

*Carex comosa*  
bottlebrush sedge

## Iris versicolor blue flag iris



### Zone 1 UPLAND

Am. highbush cranberry *Viburnum trilobum*  
serviceberry  
anise hyssop  
prairie onion  
thimbleweed  
columbine  
lead plant  
butterfly milkweed  
aster  
turtlehead  
purple prairie clover  
purple coneflower  
prairie smoke  
common ox-eye  
alum root  
blazing star  
bergamot  
gray-headed coneflower  
little bluestem  
goldenrod  
indian grass  
prairie dropseed  
Culver's root  
heartleaf alexanders

*Andropogon gerardii*  
big bluestem

*Juncus effusus*  
soft rush

*Echinacea angustifolia*  
purple coneflower

*Ratibida pinnata*  
gray-headed coneflower

*Monarda fistulosa*  
wild bergamot

### ZONE 2 WET PRAIRIE

red osier dogwood  
sweetflag  
swamp milkweed  
New England aster  
bottlebrush sedge  
tussock sedge  
turtlehead  
spike rush  
Joe-pye weed  
boneset  
bottle gentian  
sneezeweed  
blue flag iris  
turk's cap lily  
cardinal flower  
great blue lobelia  
green bulrush  
wool grass  
prairie cord grass  
blue vervain  
prairie ironweed

*Alisma plantago-aquatica*  
water plantain

*Pontederia cordata*  
pickerelweed

*Juncus effusus*  
soft rush

*Asclepias incarnata*  
swamp milkweed

*Carex comosa*  
bottlebrush sedge

*Iris versicolor*  
blue flag iris

### Zone 3 EMERGENT

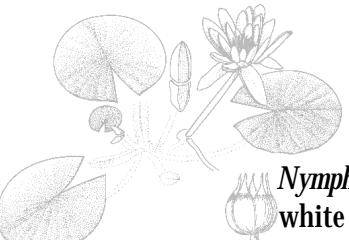
water plantain  
bur-reed  
soft rush  
pickerelweed  
arrowhead  
hard-stem bulrush  
soft-stem bulrush  
cattails

### Zone 4 SUBMERGENT

American lotus  
spatterdock  
white water lily  
water celery

*Sagittaria latifolia*  
arrowhead

*Nelumbo lutea*  
American lotus



*Nymphaea odorata*  
white water-lily

FOR A HEALTHY AND THRIVING SHORELAND COMMUNITY, CHOOSE PLANTS ACCORDING TO ZONES ALONG A LINE FROM THE UPLAND TO THE SHORELINE.